

## Statistics for the SDGs - indicators for regional priorities



<b>Name of the indicator</b>	<b>8.B.2 Expenditures on innovation activities in enterprises as a share of gross fixed capital formation</b>
<b>Sustainable Development Goal</b>	Goal 8. Decent work and economic growth
<b>Priority</b>	Development of entrepreneurship in the regions
<b>Definition</b>	Ratio of total expenditure on innovation activities incurred in industrial and service enterprises with 10 persons employed and more to gross fixed capital formation.
<b>Unit</b>	percent
<b>Available dimensions</b>	total
<b>Methodological explanations</b>	<p><b>Innovation activities</b> involve enterprises in various scientific, technical, organisational, financial and commercial activities that lead or are intended to lead to the implementation of innovation. Some of these actions are innovative, while others are not new, but necessary to implement innovation. Innovation activities also include research and experimental development (R&amp;D) activities that are not directly linked to the creation of a specific innovation.</p> <p>The innovative activity of an enterprise during a given period can be of three types: activities successfully completed with the implementation of innovation; on-going activities that have not yet led to the implementation of the innovation and activities discontinued prior to the implementation of the innovation.</p> <p>The Innovation Survey is based on an international methodology (Oslo Manual).</p> <p><b>Financial outlays incurred for innovative activities</b> in product and process innovation shall include outlays incurred in a given year for:</p> <p>The innovation study takes into account all expenditure on current and investment product and process innovations, incurred in the reporting year for works that were successful (i.e. implementation of innovations), not completed (continued) and discontinued or abandoned, regardless of the sources of their financing.</p> <p><b>Gross fixed capital formation</b> is expenditure that increases the value of fixed assets (including livestock growth — basic herd). They do not include expenditures that are the first equipment of the investment and interest on investment loans for the period of implementation of the investment.</p> <p>The account shall also include: a) expenditure incurred on repairs of fixed assets, b) increase in intangible assets (intended for use for more than 1 year), which include, among others: acquisition costs of property rights, in particular copyrights (including computer software), rights to projects, inventions, patents, trademarks, licenses, costs of completed development works, goodwill.</p>
<b>Data source</b>	Statistics Poland
<b>Data availability</b>	Annual data, since 2010

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<b>Notes</b>	<p>Since September 2014, the methodology for calculating National and Regional Accounts has changed from ESA 1995 to ESA 2010. One of the key changes introduced by ESA 2010 concerned the recording in gross fixed capital formation (and not so far in intermediate consumption), research and development expenditure and expenditure on small tools in all institutional sectors and expenditure on weapon systems in the general government sector.</p> <p>Due to changes in the Programme of statistical surveys of official statistics, the survey of innovative activities of enterprises changed the frequency to two years. Data from 2022 onwards will always be available in even years.</p>
<b>Data updated on</b>	
<b>Metadata updated on</b>	