

Statistics for the SDGs - indicators for regional priorities



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| Name of the indicator | 3.E.9 Number of Lyme disease cases per 10 thous. population |
| Sustainable Development Goal | Goal 3. Good health and well-being |
| Priority | Development of health prevention and rehabilitation and health promotion |
| Definition | Lyme disease cases per 10 thousand population. |
| Unit | persons |
| Available dimensions | total |
| Methodological explanations | <p>Morbidity is the frequency of new cases of a disease in a studied population.</p> <p>Lyme disease (Latin: borreliosis, morbus Lyme) is a multisystemic infectious disease caused by bacteria belonging to spirochetes. The most common genospecies that are the etiological factor are: <i>Borrelia burgdorferi sensu stricto</i>, <i>Borrelia garinii</i> and <i>Borrelia afzelii</i>, transmitted to humans and some animals by ticks of the genus <i>Ixodes</i>. Human infection occurs after the tick bites and feeds on the skin. The reservoir of the spirochete is numerous species of animals, mainly rodents.</p> |
| Data source | Statistics Poland |
| Data availability | Annual data, since 2010 |
| Notes | |
| Data updated on | |
| Metadata updated on | |