

Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



<b>Name of the indicator</b>	<b>3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100 thous. population</b>
<b>Sustainable Development Goal</b>	Goal 3. Good health and well-being
<b>Target</b>	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
<b>Definition</b>	Number of new cases of hepatitis B infection per 100 thous. population.
<b>Unit</b>	persons
<b>Available dimensions</b>	total
<b>Methodological explanations</b>	<b>Hepatitis B (HBV)</b> - according to the Tenth Revision of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Health Problems ICD-10: B16, B18.0 and B18.1 - infectious disease, the most common infectious disease of the liver in the world. HBV is transmitted through blood and other body fluids, through direct contact with infected fluid, sexual contacts without proper protection against infected persons, intravenous drug use with infected needles or syringes. The infection can occur during pregnancy or childbirth.
<b>Data source</b>	Statistics Poland
<b>Data availability</b>	Annual data Since 2010.
<b>Notes</b>	
<b>Data updated on</b>	06-02-2024
<b>Metadata updated on</b>	24-03-2020